

# a universal model for the AGN phenomenon

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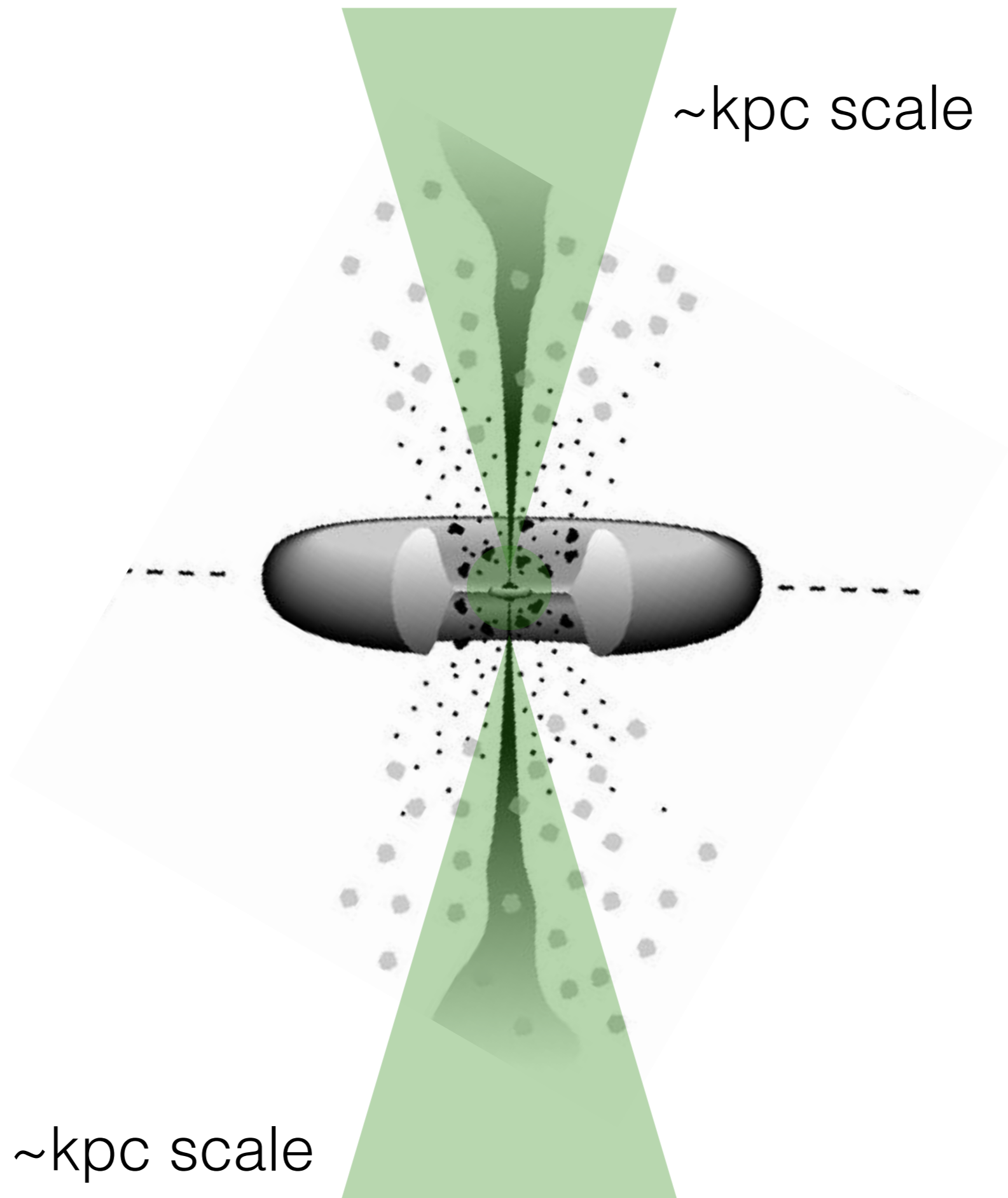
 @kevinschawinski



**ETH black hole group**  
Gruppo Nazionale Politecnico di Zurigo

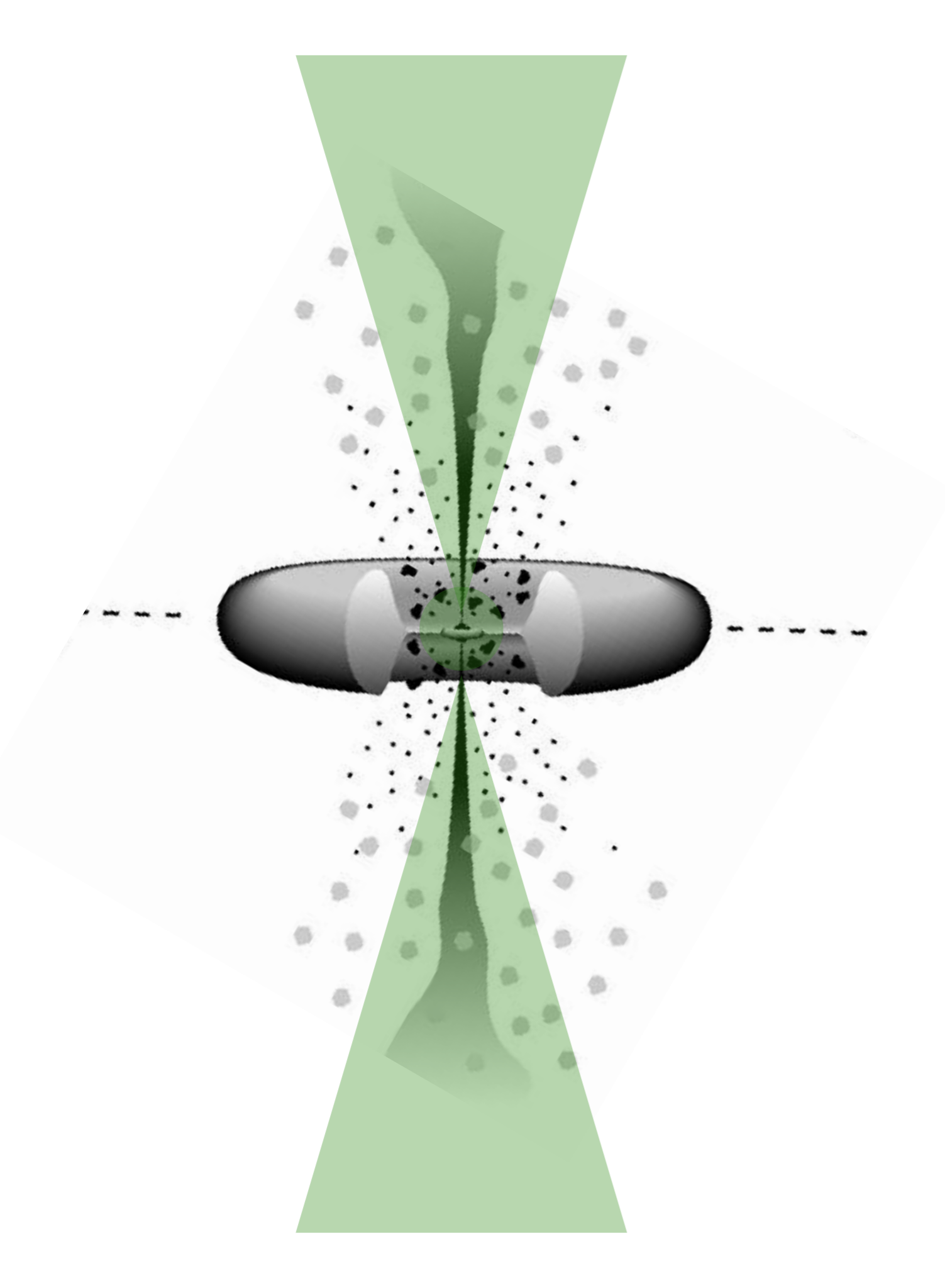
just how simple can we make the AGN phenomenon

can all the phenomenology arise from underlying  
simplicity via selection effects?

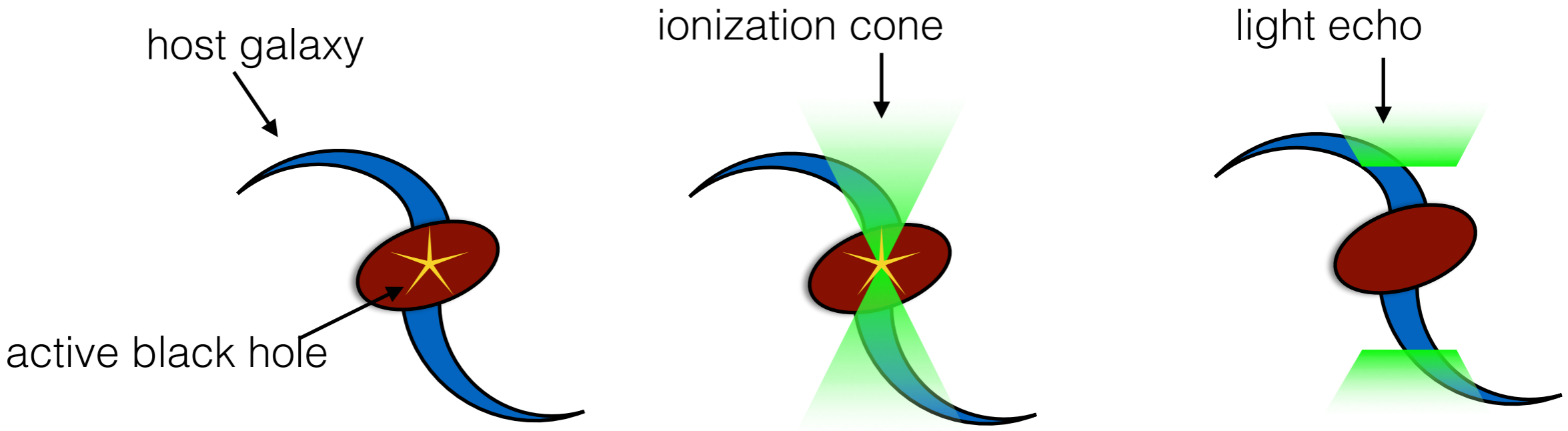


~kpc scale

~kpc scale



# the AGN life cycle



Central emission  
(X-rays)

**on**

**on**

**off**

Extended emission  
(photoionized regions)

**not yet  
generated**

**on**

**still  
visible**

Classification

**normal  
galaxy**

**normal AGN**

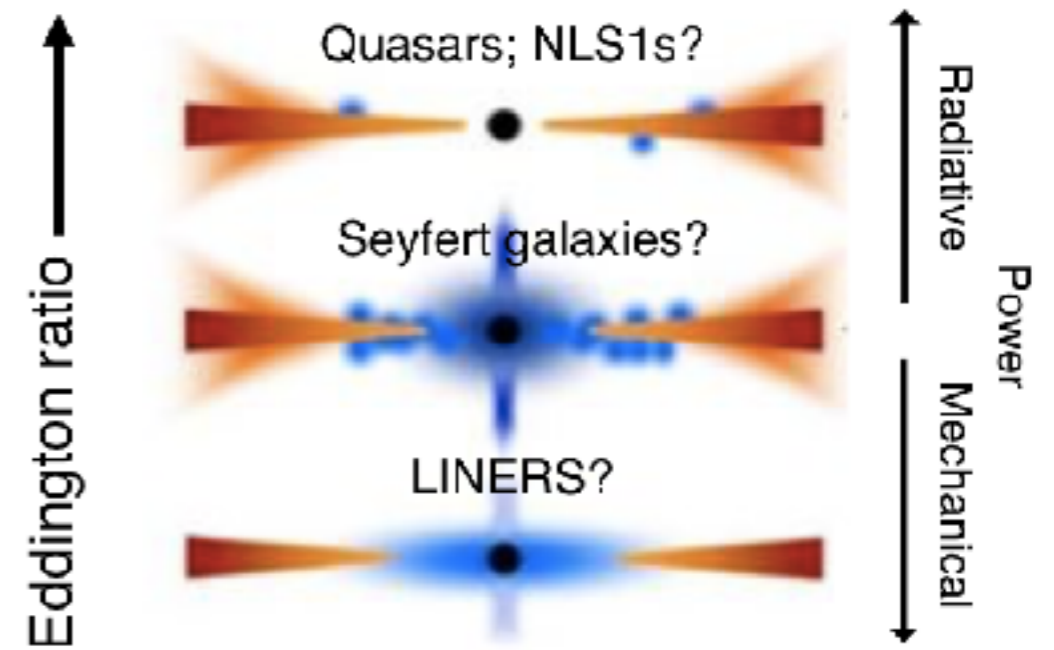
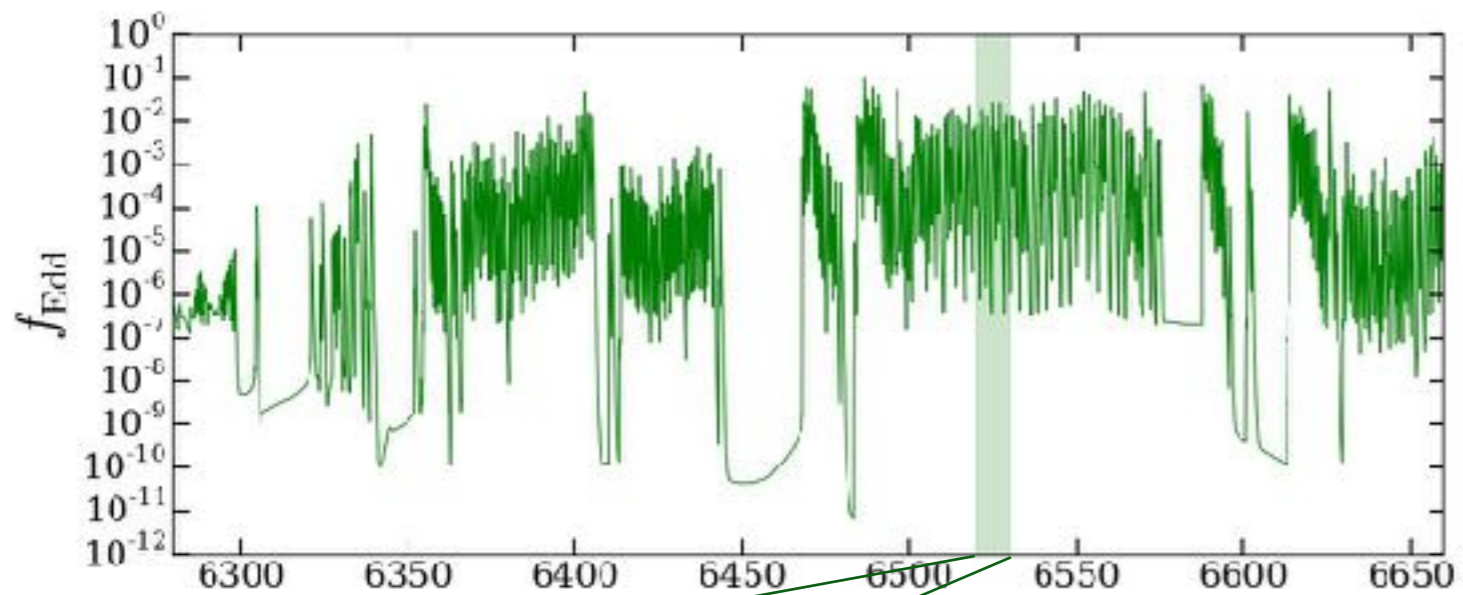
**light echo/  
Voorwerpje**

Duration

**$10^4$  years**

**$10^5$  years**

**$10^{4-5}$  years**  
(if screen is present)



Done, Gierlinski & Kubota 07  
 Alexander & Hickox 12

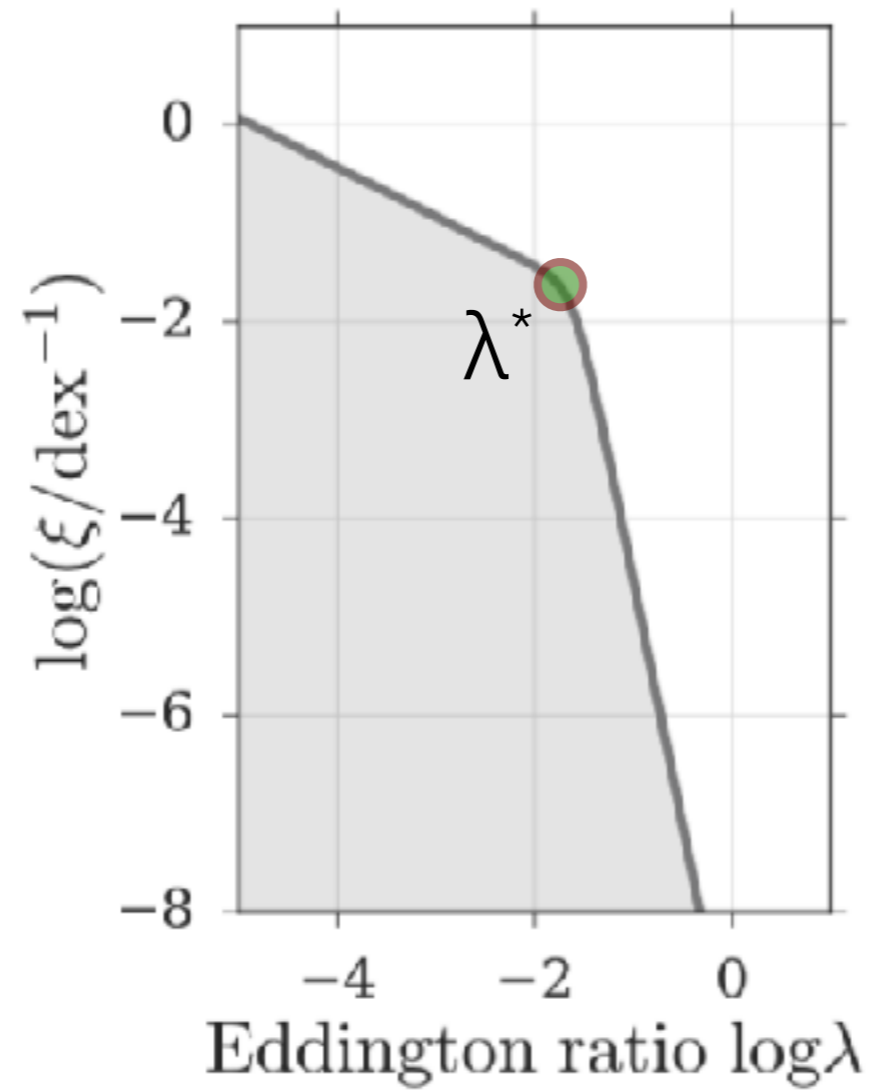
Novak+11; Hickox+14; Schawinski+15

OK, but if AGN “flicker”, can we still capture their role in galaxy evolution?



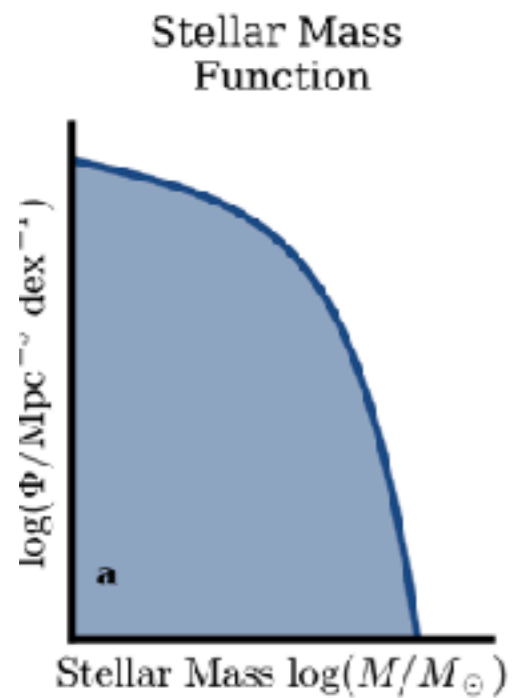
Anna Weigel  
Ph.D Student

# Eddington Ratio Distribution Function (ERDF)





the ERDF connects galaxies to the AGN population

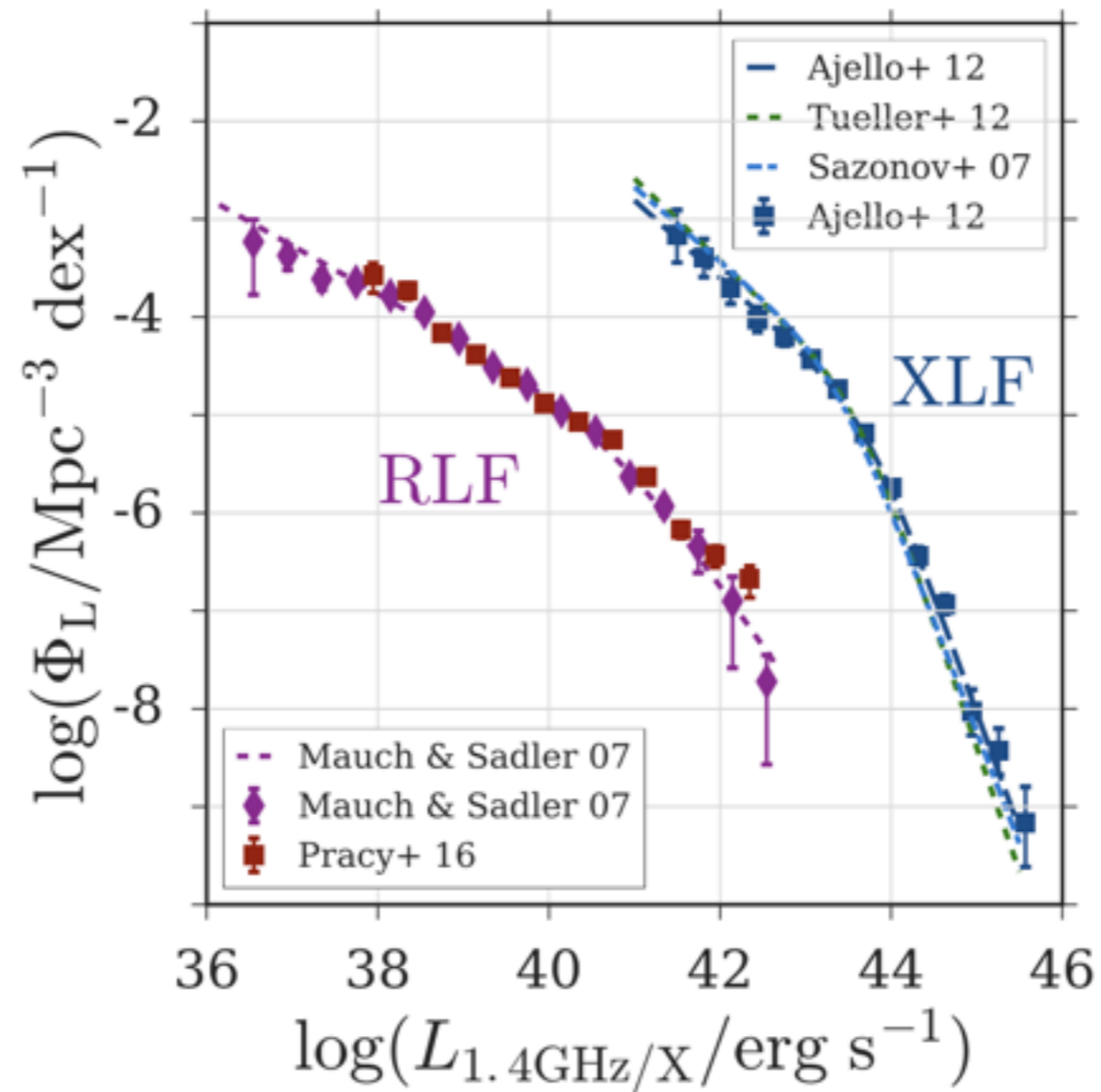


$$\log L_{\text{AGN}}^* \propto \log M_{\text{bh}}^* + \log \lambda^* + \log \rho$$

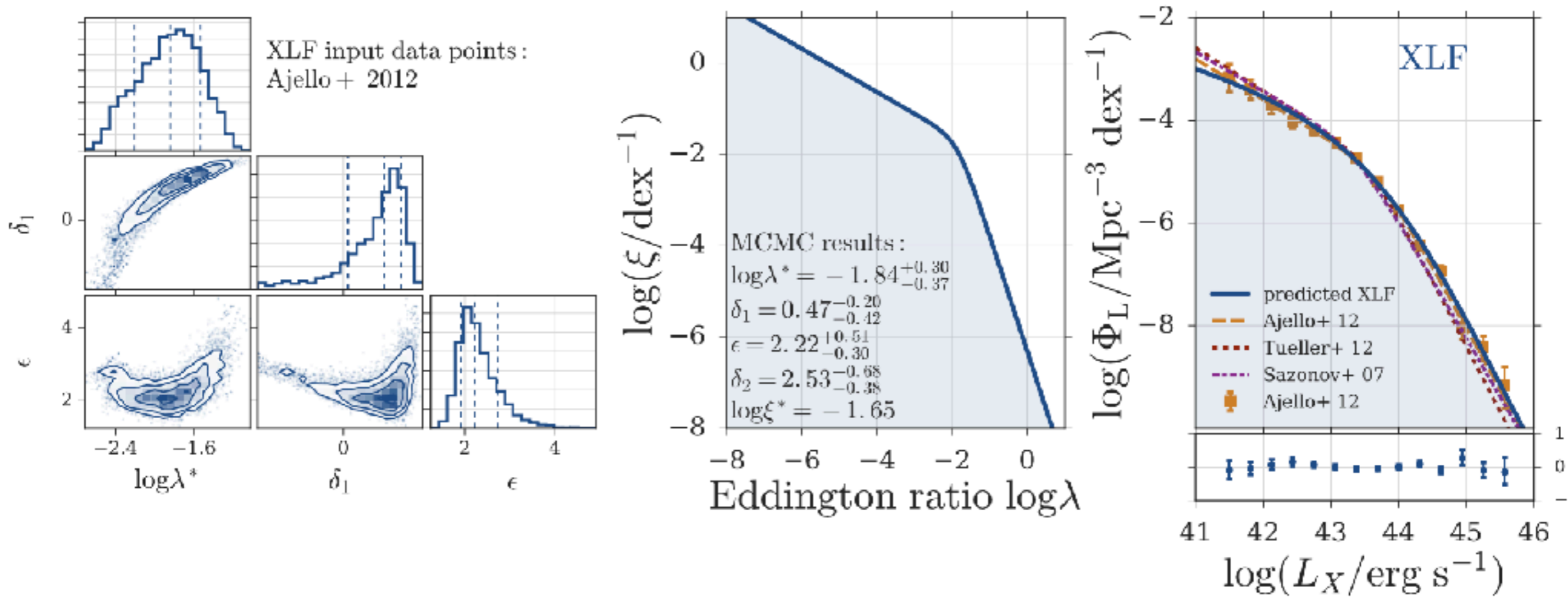
$$\log \Phi_{\text{AGN}}^* \propto \log \Phi_{\text{bh}}^* + \log \xi^*$$



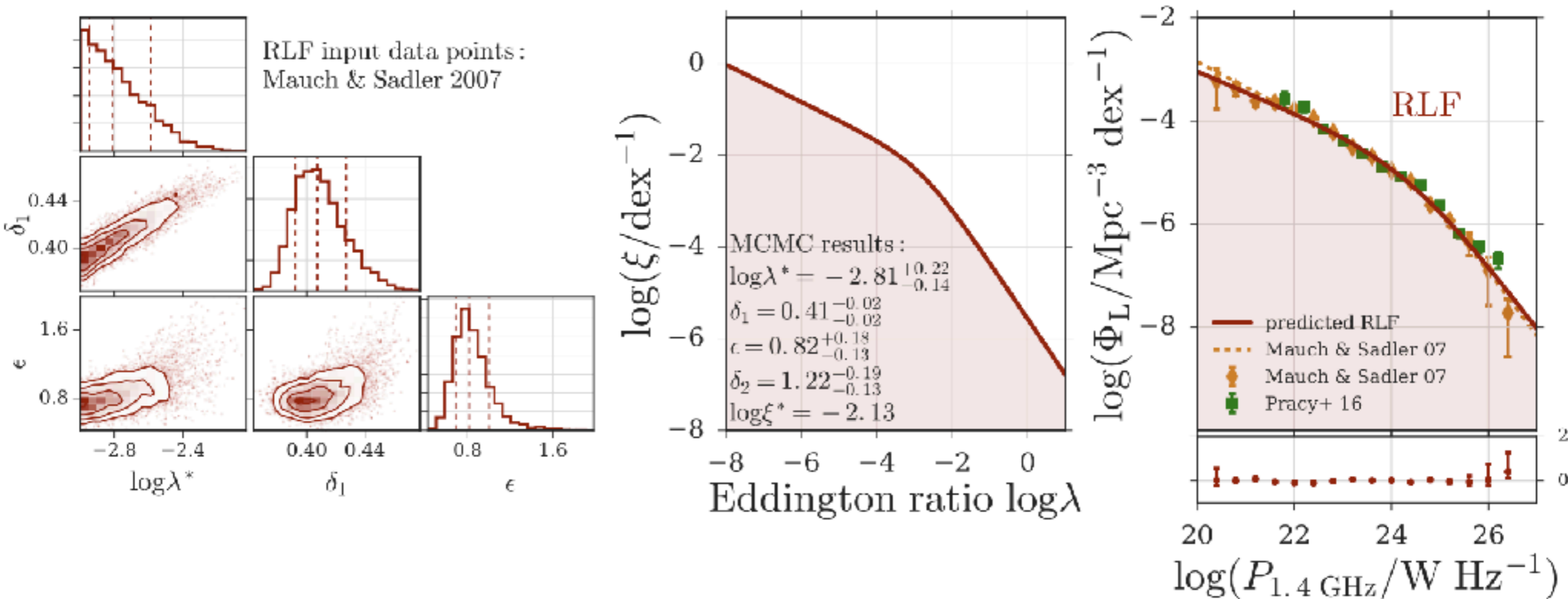
the ERDF connects galaxies to the AGN population



two fundamental ERDFs for blue and red galaxies

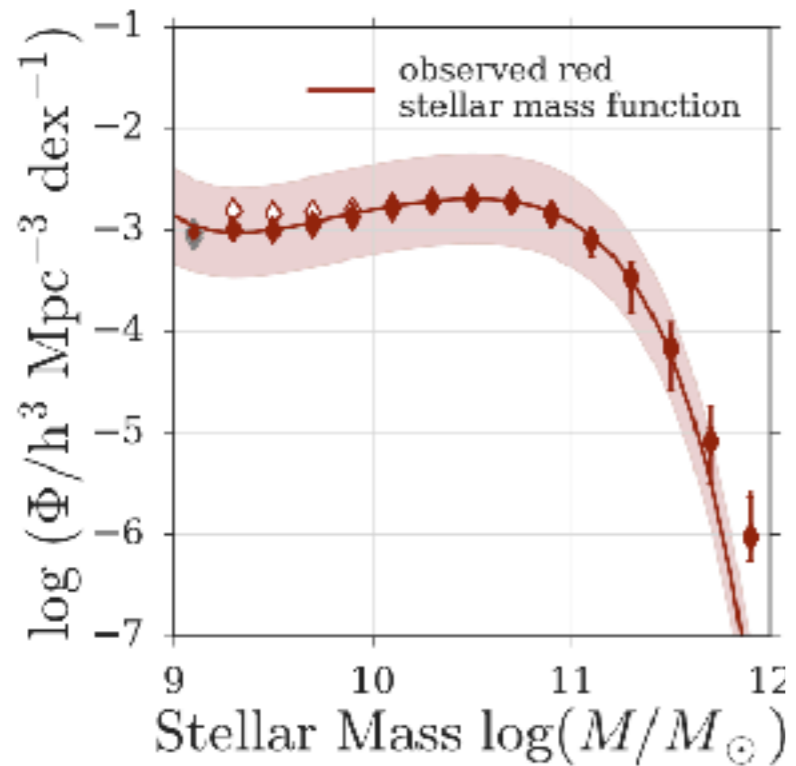
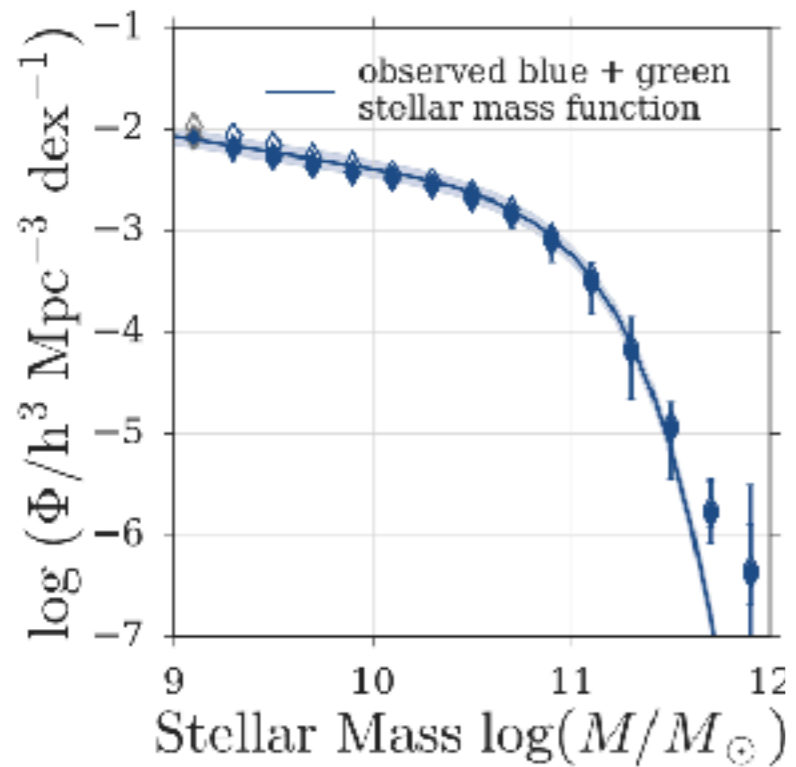


two fundamental ERDFs for blue and red galaxies



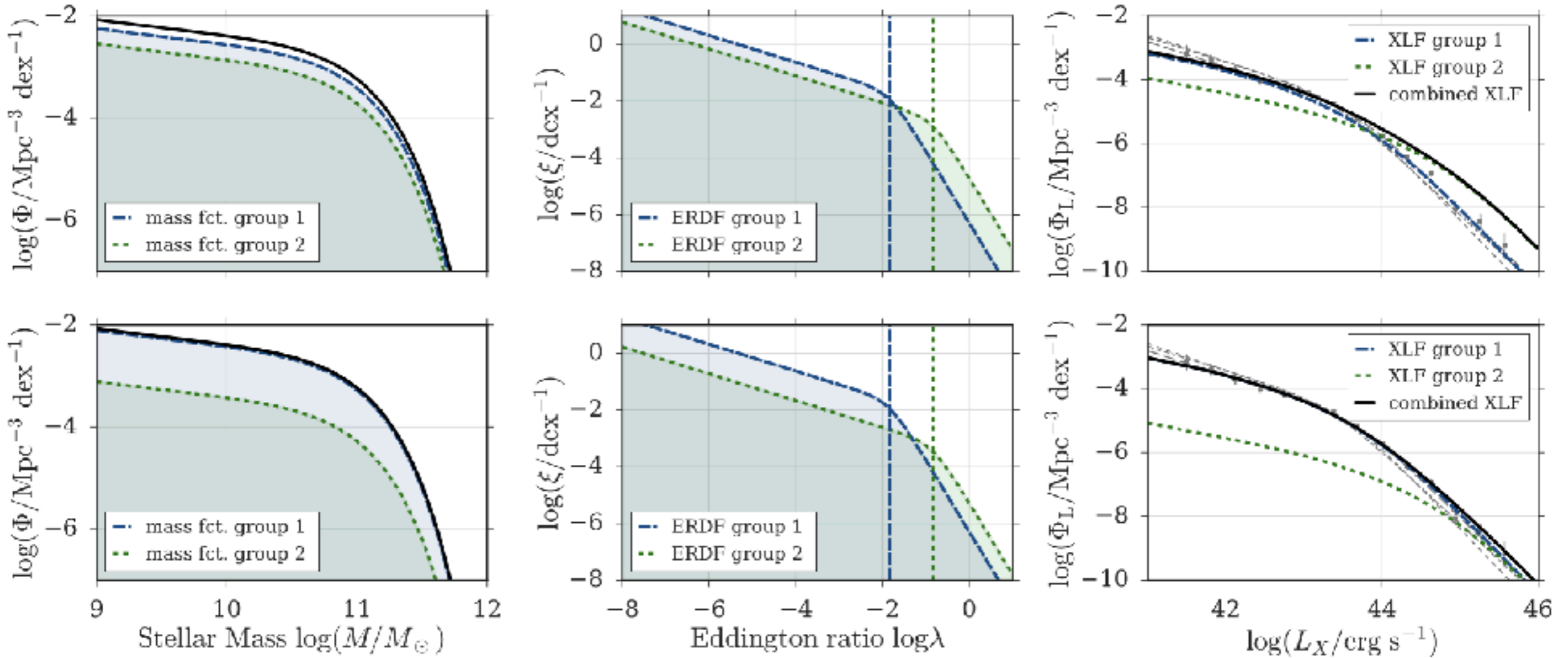
Weigel, Schawinski, Caplar, Wong & Treister (submitted)

two fundamental ERDFs for blue and red galaxies

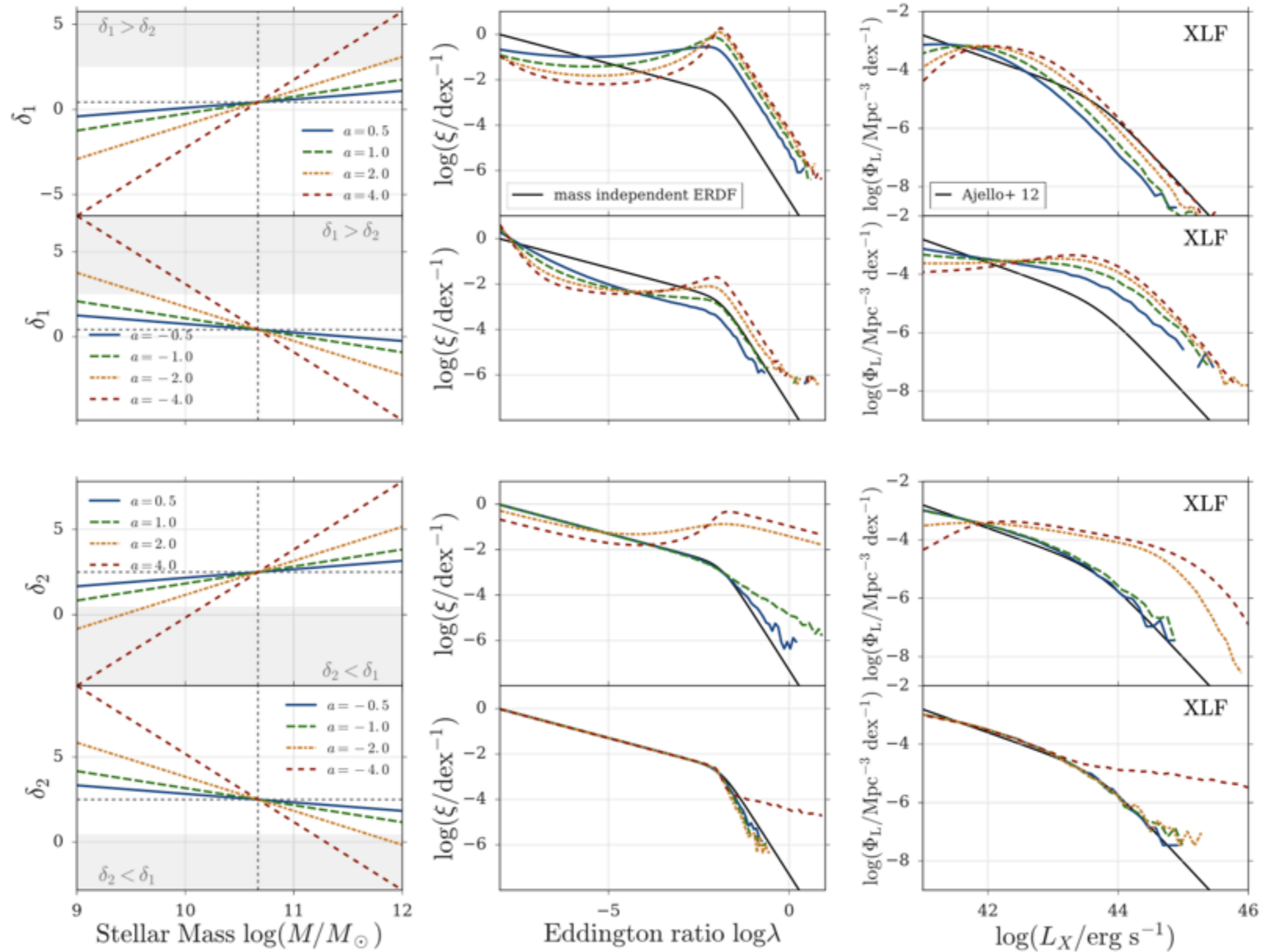


Weigel, Schawinski, Caplar, Wong & Treister (submitted)

the ERDF is (largely) universal



the ERDF is (largely) mass-independent



the AGN phenomenon can be fully explained with two mass-independent ERDFs:

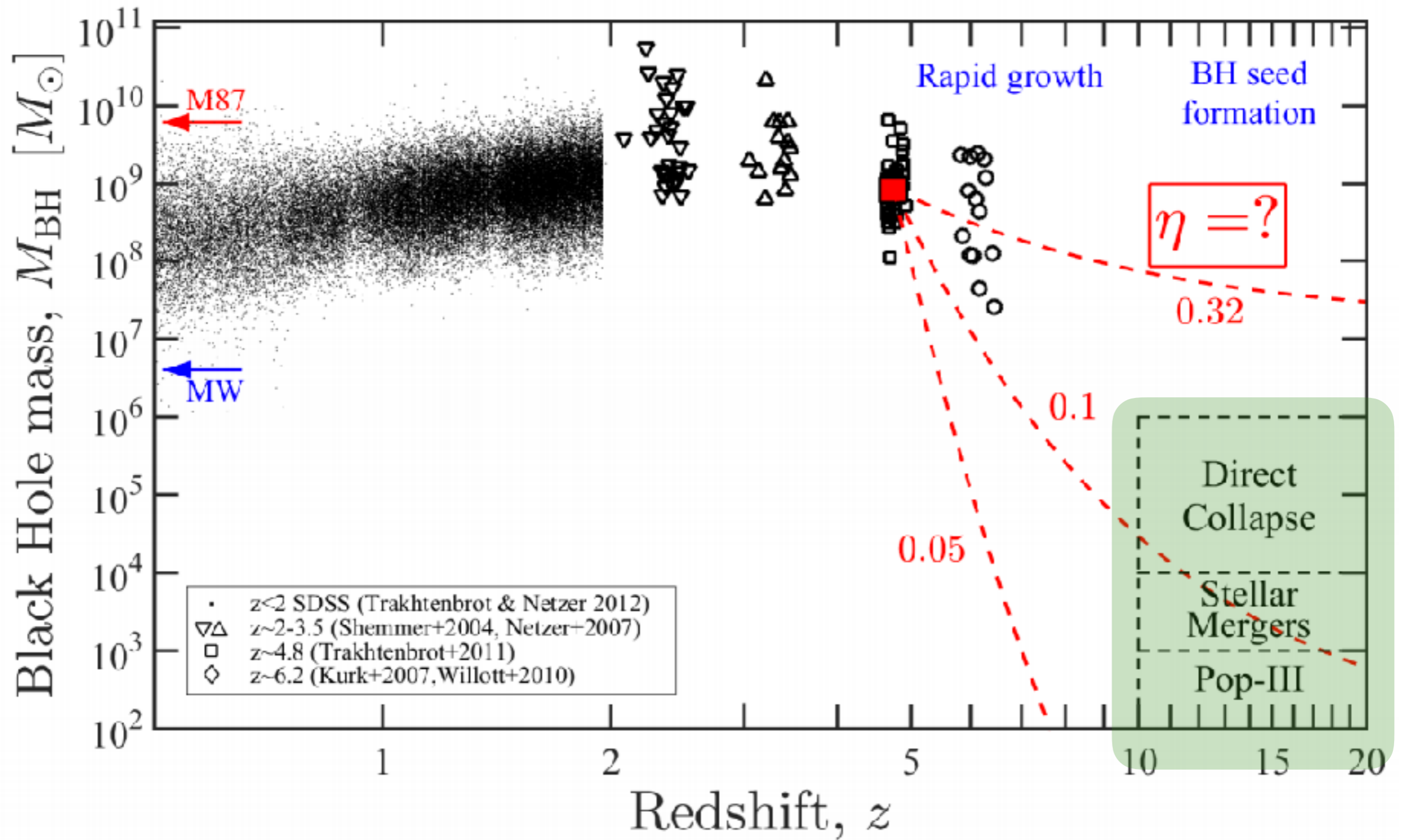
1. one for X-ray AGN in **blue galaxies**, and
2. one for radio AGN in **red galaxies**

**Could AGN merely be an epiphenomenon of galaxy formation?**



A field of multi-colored stars, likely from a color-magnitude diagram, with a red trapezoidal selection box. The stars are scattered across the frame, with a higher density within the red box. The colors range from blue to red, with many stars appearing as small, bright points of light.

what about high redshift?



Data compilation from: Trakhtenbrot & Netzer

# Current **observational** constraints on high-z AGN

## I. Wide-area quasar surveys

SDSS/deep Jiang+09

CFHQS Willott+10

SuprimeCam Kashikawa+15

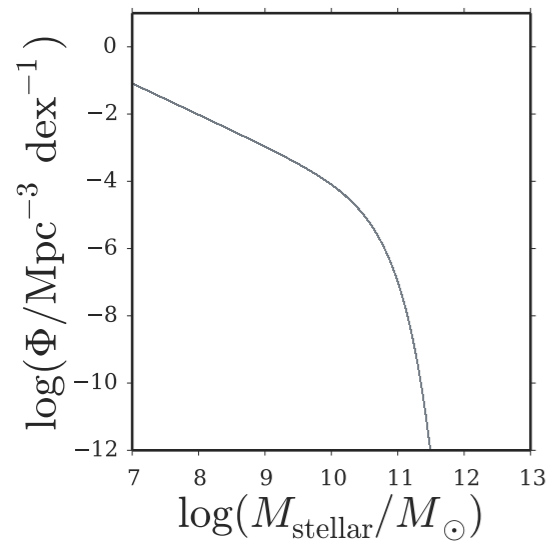
## II. Deep fields

CDFS stacking Treister+11,13

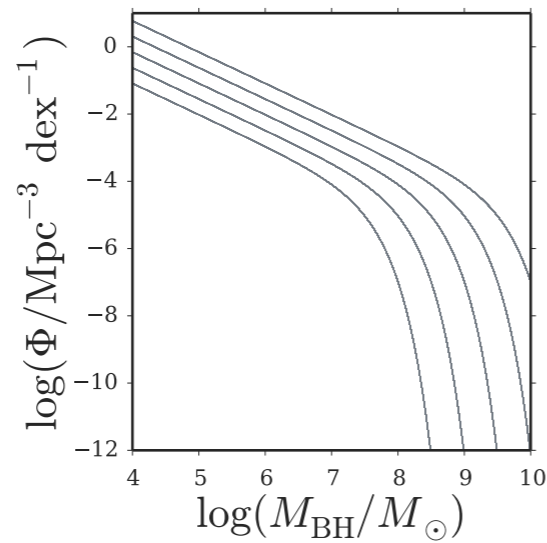
CDFS individual sources Weigel+15

# Phenomenological modeling of black hole growth at $z \sim 6$

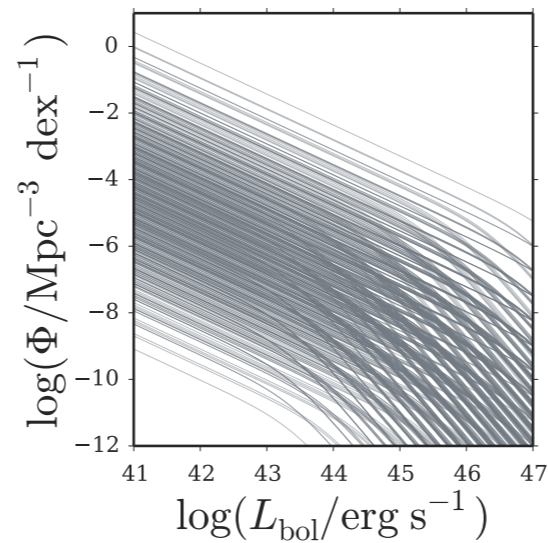
**stellar  
mass function**



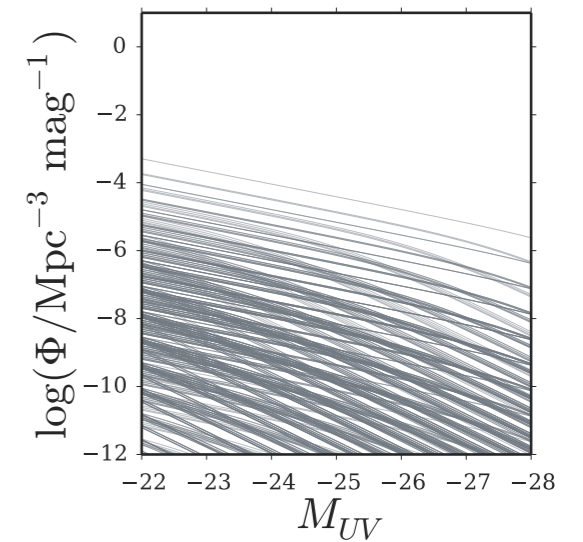
**Black Hole  
mass function**



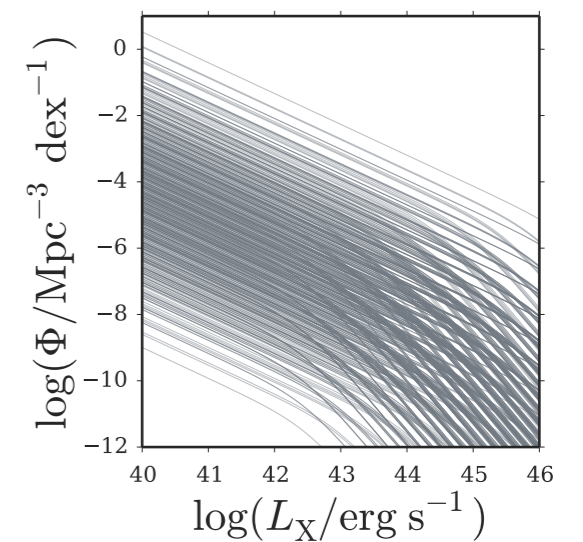
**AGN bol.  
luminosity function**



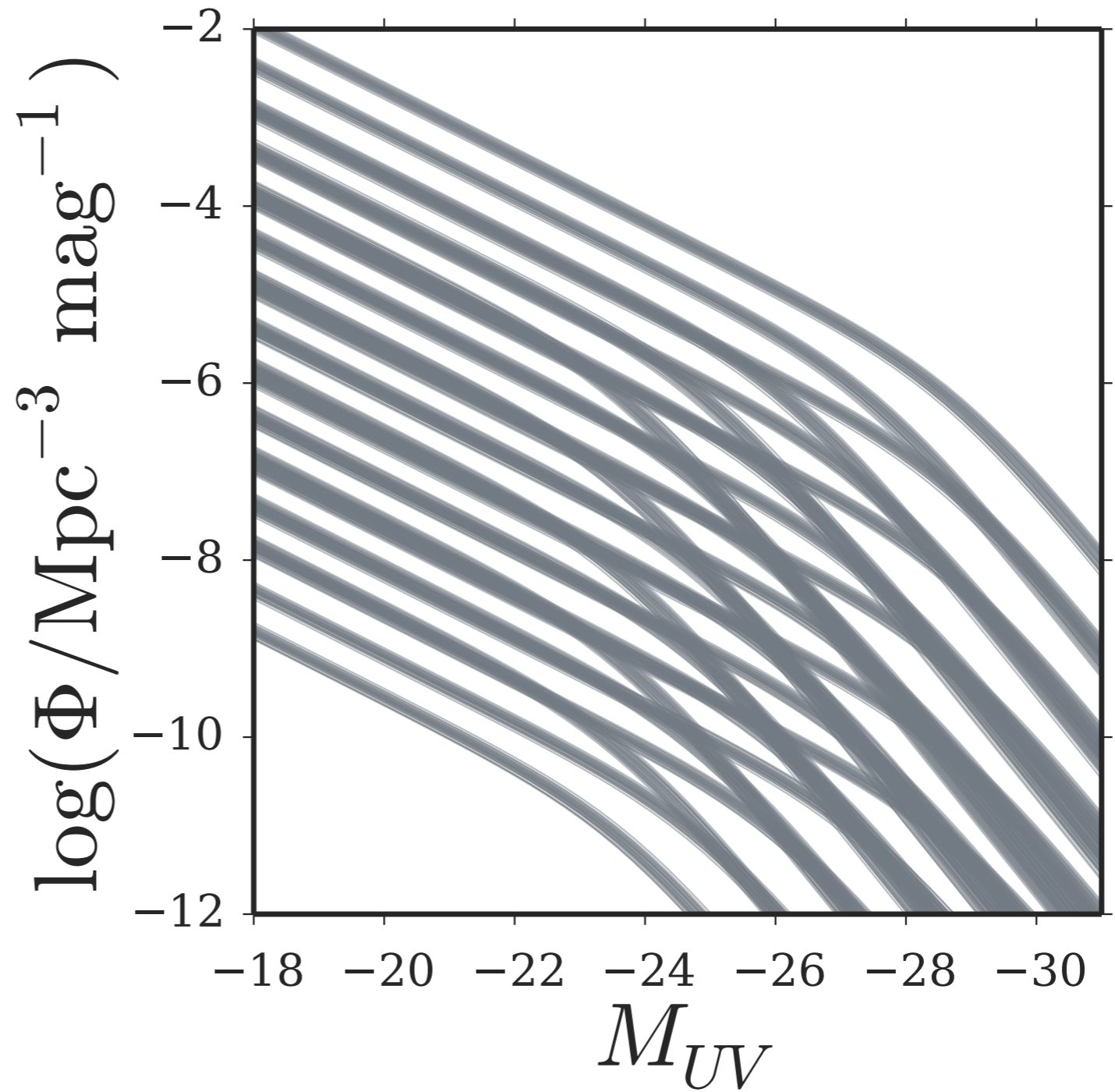
**AGN UV  
luminosity function**



**AGN X-ray  
luminosity function**

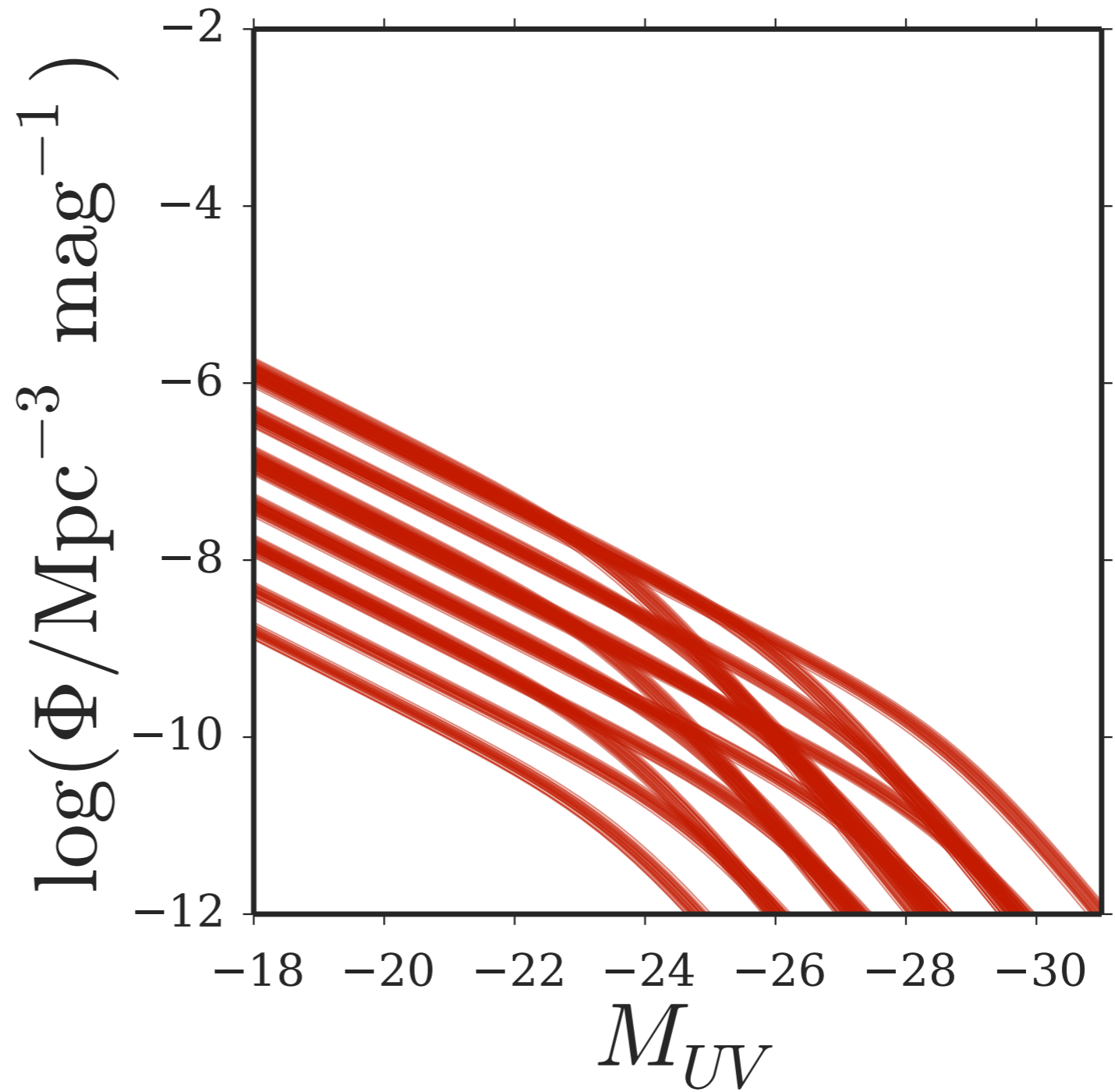


# Phenomenological modeling of black hole growth at $z \sim 6$



# Phenomenological modeling of black hole growth at $z \sim 6$

limits from deep fields:  
Treister+13  
Weigel+15



Schawinski+ (in prep)

# Phenomenological modeling of black hole growth at $z \sim 6$

limits from deep fields:

Treister+13

Weigel+15

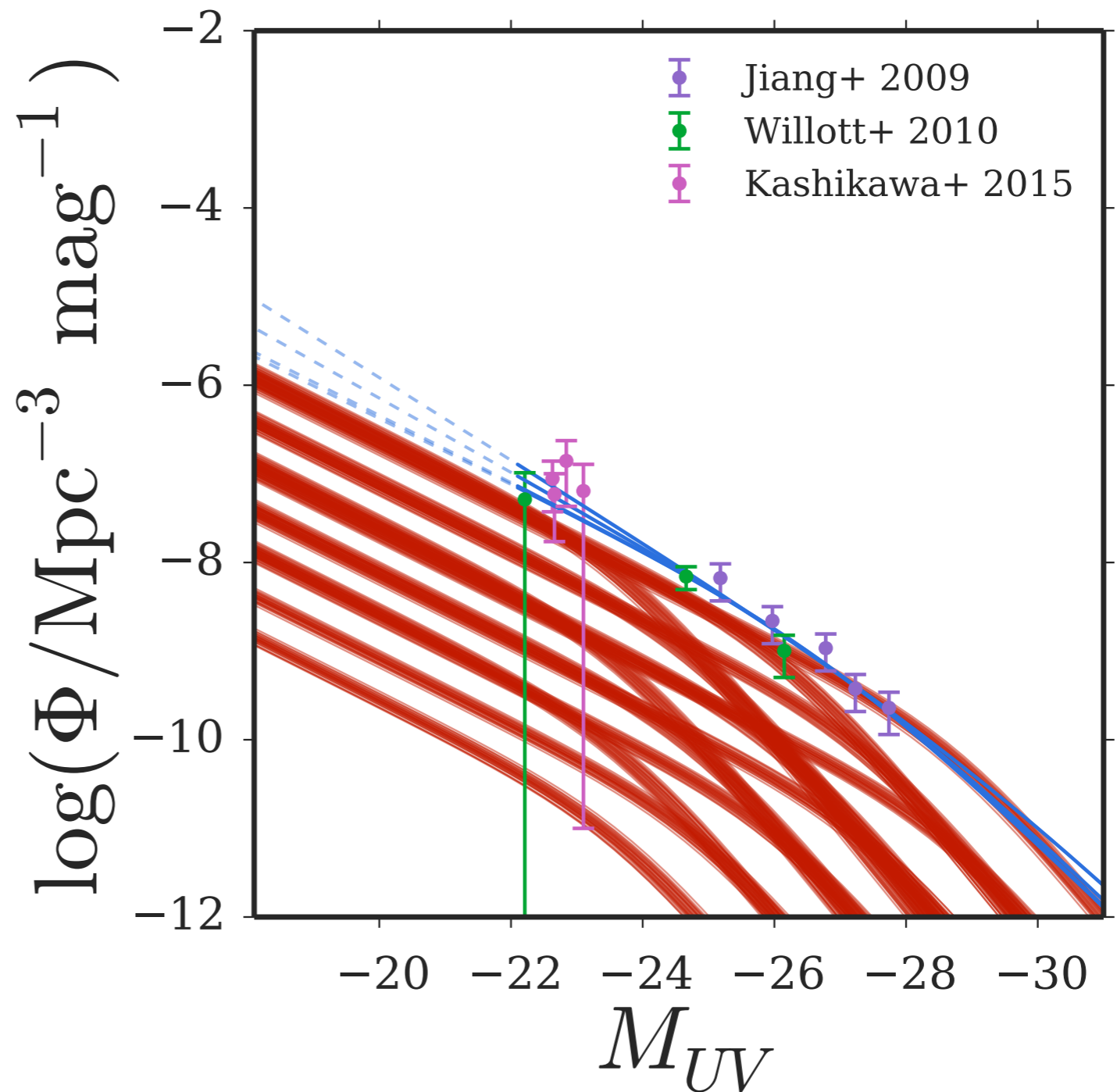
comparison to quasar

surveys:

Jiang+09

Willott+10

Kashikawa+15



Schawinski+ (in prep)

# Phenomenological modeling of black hole growth at $z \sim 6$

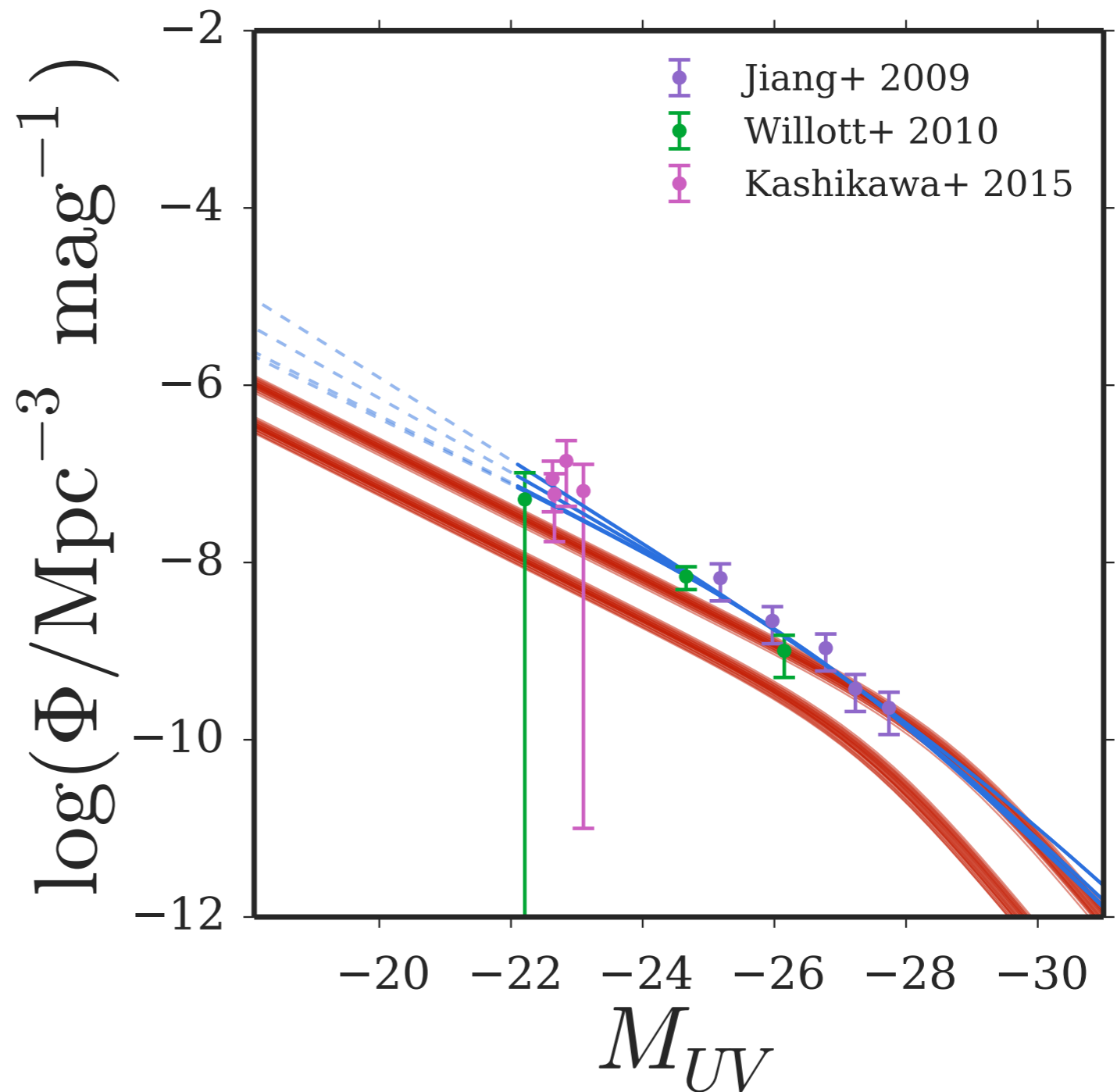
$\log \lambda^* = \log(0.7)$  to  $\log(0.9)$

duty cycle = 80% to 100%

occupation fraction = 0.01%

$M_{\text{BH}}/M_{\text{stellar}} = 0.03$  and  $0.1$

obscured fraction = 50%



Schawinski+ (in prep)



# summary

the AGN phenomenon can be fully explained with two mass-independent ERDFs:

1. one for X-ray AGN in blue galaxies, and
2. one for radio AGN in red galaxies

explanatory power of the universal ERDF framework extends possibly to  $z \sim 6$

lots of work still to be done, incl. forthcoming papers on:

1. mergers
2. HERGs/LERGs
3. redshift evolution

# space.ml

*from model-driven astrophysics to data-driven astrophysics*

GalaxyGAN

More projects coming, stay tuned!

*Selected Press Coverage*

**The Atlantic:** Machine Learning Is Bringing the Cosmos Into Focus

**WIRED Science:** Astronomers Deploy AI to Unravel the Mysteries of the Universe

**The Register:** From drugs to galaxy hunting, AI is elbowing its way into boffins' labs

**Phys.org:** Neural networks promise sharpest ever images

**ETH**  
Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich  
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich